



Early Journal Content on JSTOR, Free to Anyone in the World

This article is one of nearly 500,000 scholarly works digitized and made freely available to everyone in the world by JSTOR.

Known as the Early Journal Content, this set of works include research articles, news, letters, and other writings published in more than 200 of the oldest leading academic journals. The works date from the mid-seventeenth to the early twentieth centuries.

We encourage people to read and share the Early Journal Content openly and to tell others that this resource exists. People may post this content online or redistribute in any way for non-commercial purposes.

Read more about Early Journal Content at <http://about.jstor.org/participate-jstor/individuals/early-journal-content>.

JSTOR is a digital library of academic journals, books, and primary source objects. JSTOR helps people discover, use, and build upon a wide range of content through a powerful research and teaching platform, and preserves this content for future generations. JSTOR is part of ITHAKA, a not-for-profit organization that also includes Ithaka S+R and Portico. For more information about JSTOR, please contact support@jstor.org.

THE CONDOR

An Illustrated Magazine of Western
Ornithology

Published Bi-monthly by the Cooper Ornithological Club of California

WALTER K. FISHER, Editor, Palo Alto
JOSEPH GRINNELL, Business Manager and
Associate Editor, Pasadena
R. E. SNODGRASS, Associate Editor

Palo Alto, California: Published Nov. 17, 1904

SUBSCRIPTION RATES

Price in the United States, Canada, Mexico, and U. S. Colonies one dollar a year; single copies twenty-five cents. Price in all countries in the International Postal Union one dollar and a quarter a year.

Subscriptions should be sent to the Business Manager; manuscripts and exchanges to the Editor.

NOTES AND NEWS

At the regular meeting held in Oakland, November 5, the following nominations were made for officers for 1905: president, Mr. Joseph Mailliard; first vice-president, Miss Helen Swett; second vice-president, Prof. J. O. Snyder; treasurer and business manager, Mr. Joseph Grinnell; secretary, Mr. Chas. S. Thompson.

With this issue volume six is completed. Club members and subscribers will confer a great favor if they remit their dues or subscriptions promptly to the business manager. We have some plans for further improving THE CONDOR, and any great delay on the part of our constituents in remembering the year-end obligation is a trifle embarrassing—to us at least.

In his review of the July *Auk* in October *Bird-Lore*, Dr. J. Dwight, Jr. takes exception to the admittance of 'Baird sparrow' and 'Virginia warbler' to the pages of the *Auk*, instead of the possessive case being used. "Evolution," writes Dr. Dwight, "may some day eliminate the 's' as unfit, but except in geography it is still customary to write English as 'she is wrote.'" Undoubtedly the omission of the possessive form in personal names, given in the sense of dedication, will long remain a matter of personal opinion and preference. Dr. Dwight is in error, however, in supposing that the elimination of the possessive is restricted to geographical names. Some botanists, at least, employed the form before it was introduced into ornithology, and such names as Douglas spruce, Torrey pine, Fraser fir, Jeffrey pine, Parry pinyon, Sargent palm, Bebb willow, Barttram oak, and others *ad libitum* are now in current use. As has often been stated, the sparrow was dedicated to Spencer F. Baird, and the use of his name was never meant to express or imply any proprie-

tary rights over the species or the individuals thereof. If it is proper and natural to omit the possessive form in the case of mountains, rivers, trees and flowers, is it not logical to extend the usage to birds and other animals? It was this fact, and a desire to write English as 'she is wrote,' that influenced this journal to advocate a general adoption of the non-possessive form, shortly after Dr. Merriam introduced it into ornithological literature, in North American Fauna No. 16 (1899). At any rate it is perhaps interesting to consider how differently two persons may interpret the same text.

Through the kindness of Dr. Jordan the Club has been granted the privilege of placing its books and magazines on the shelves of the Barbara Jordan Library of Ornithology at Stanford University. This library, which is dedicated to the memory of Barbara Jordan "who knew and loved the birds," occupies one of the rooms on the first floor of the new Zoology building. The room is perfectly lighted and is provided with numerous working tables, while along one side are the handsomely carved book shelves. In the center of these, above, is a bronze tablet of dedication, with a family of quails in bas-relief. Immediately below is a cabinet containing Barbara Jordan's collection of birds. The room is used by advanced students of ornithology, and is one of the pleasantest in the splendid new building.

The annual meeting, January 14, will be somewhat different from those of former years, in that it will be held in one of the good restaurants of San Francisco. The Club will have a large room to itself and it is hoped that, in view of the occasion and place, a goodly number of our members will make a special effort to attend. We will convene for dinner at 8 and afterwards have the annual meeting and social good time. Probably it will be advisable to have a short business meeting before the dinner. Members will be notified about two or three weeks before the meeting and will be asked to respond whether they intend to be present. The committee earnestly desires that members cooperate to make this "the best meeting yet."

Although all the returns are not yet in it seems probable that the amendment to the Constitution of California, exempting the California Academy of Sciences from taxation, has received a majority of favorable votes.

In volume six there are seventy halftone illustrations which is a substantial gain over forty-three in volume five and thirty-two in volume four. The majority of illustrations during the past year have been such that we can point to them with pardonable pride. But just watch for the January number!

The Twenty-second Congress of the American Ornithologists' Union will convene in Cambridge, Mass., on Tuesday, November 29, 1904, at 10 o'clock A. M. The meetings will be held in the Nash Lecture room, University Museum, Oxford Street.

Mr. William L. Finley has gone east to attend the meeting.